

11782**M. Sc. (2 Year) EXAMINATION**

(For Batch 2019 & Onwards)

(Second Semester)

MATHEMATICS**MTHCC-2204****System of Differential Equations***Time : Three Hours**Maximum Marks : 70*

Note : Question No. 1 is compulsory. Attempt *Five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit including compulsory question.

(Compulsory Question)

1. (a) ✓ If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$, find the determinant

(5-36/16)B-11782**P.T.O.**

of the fundamental matrix ϕ satisfying $\phi(0) = E$.

- (b) Prove that two different homogeneous systems cannot have the same fundamental matrix.
- (c) ✓ Explain the concept of path approaching a critical point.
- (d) ✓ Find the solution of the linear autonomous system $\frac{dx}{dt} = x$, $\frac{dy}{dt} = x + y$ satisfying the condition $x(u) = e$, $y(u) = ue$.
- (e) Explain Floquet Theory.
- (f) Define limit set of an orbit.
- (g) State Poincare Bendixson Theorem.

7×2=14**Unit I**

2. (a) ✓ Find the necessary and sufficient condition for n solutions of the linear system $x' = A(t)x$ to be linearly independent. (7)

B-11782**2**

- (b) If B is a non-singular matrix, then show that there exists a matrix A such that $e^A = B$. 7

3. (a) Derive Abel-Liouville formula for a linear homogeneous system. (7)
- (b) State and prove the relationship between fundamental matrices of a linear homogeneous system and its adjoint system. 7

Unit II

4. (a) State and prove Abel-Liouville formula for an n th order homogeneous linear differential equation. 7
- (b) Find the solution and the fundamental matrix of the linear system with constant coefficient $x' = Ax$, where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. (7)

5. (a) State and prove Representation Theorem for a linear system with periodic coefficients. 7
- (b) Derive variation of constant formula for non-homogeneous linear system. 7

Unit III

6. (a) Define a plane autonomous system. What are different types of critical points? (6)
- (b) If two roots of the characteristic equation for a linear autonomous system are conjugate complex with real part not zero, then find the nature of critical point and check its stability. (7)
7. (a) Determine the nature of critical point of the linear system :

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 2x - 4y, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = 2x - 2y$$

and check its stability. 7

- (b) ✓ Find all the real critical points of the non-linear system :

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = 8x - y^2, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = -6y + 6x^2$$

and determine the type and stability of each of the critical point. 7

Unit IV

8. (a) Define Lyapunov function for a non-linear autonomous system. Construct a Lyapunov function for the system :

$$\frac{dx}{dt} = -x + y^2, \quad \frac{dy}{dt} = -y + x^2$$

and use it to determine the stability of the critical point (0, 0) of this system. 7

- (b) Examine the critical points of the non-linear differential equation :

$$\frac{d^2x}{dt^2} = x^2 - 4x + \lambda, \quad \lambda \text{ being a parameter.}$$

Also find the critical values of the parameter. 7

9. (a) Explain Bendixson criterion for non-existence of limit cycles of a non-linear autonomous system. Also, provide a suitable example. 7

- (b) Define the following : 7

- (i) Index of a curve
- (ii) Half-path for a non-linear system.